

LA-UR-19-30097

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Title: Economic Support for Los Alamos National Laboratory Management

Decisions

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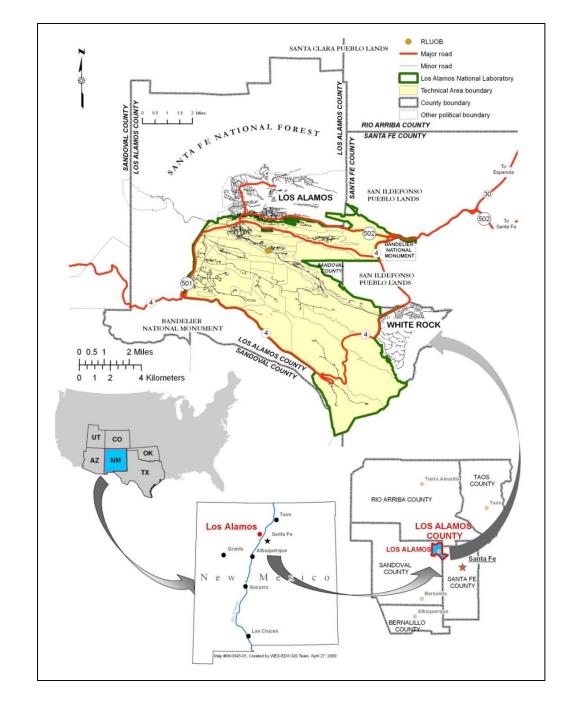
Intended for: Invited presentation for Clemson Distinguished Speaker series at

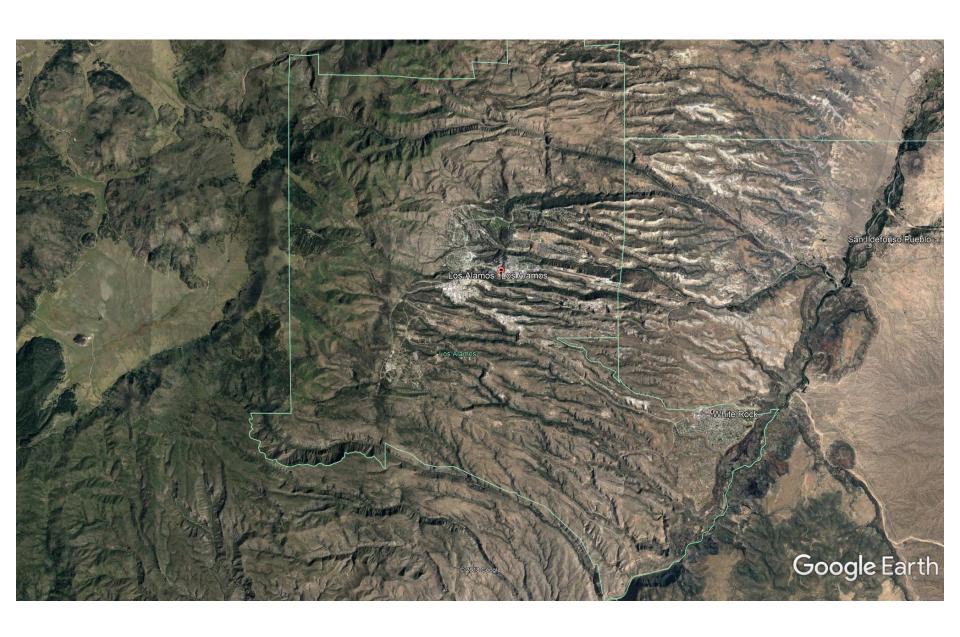
Clemson University

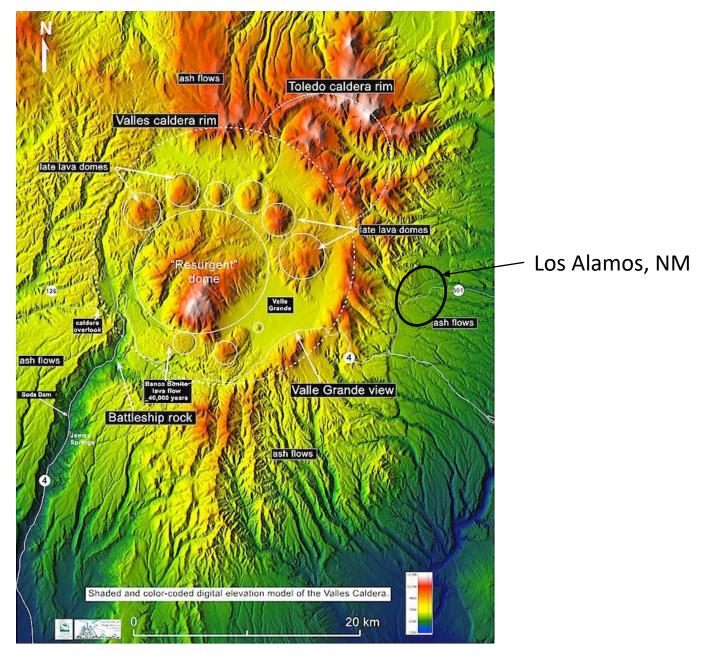
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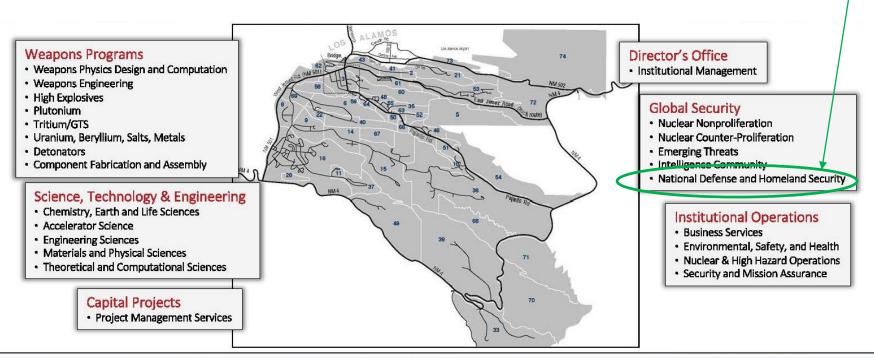






The collapse crater is 20 km in diameter.

National Infrastructure Simulation & Analysis Center (NISAC)



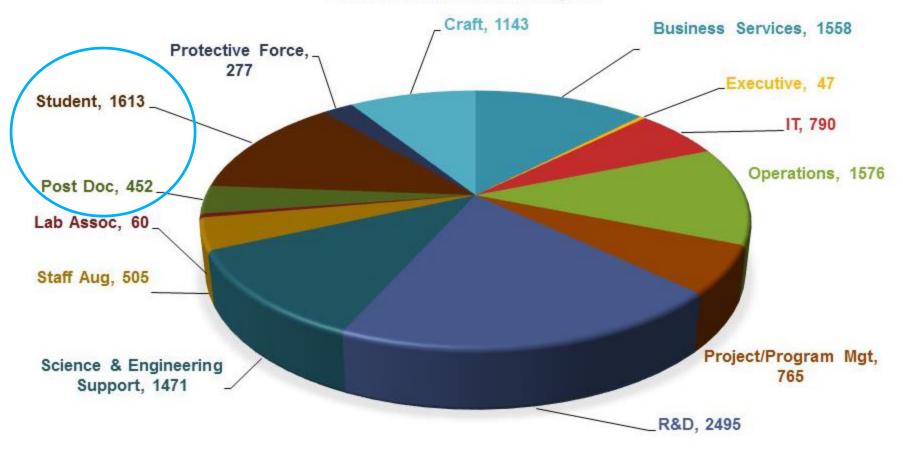
40 square miles 47 technical areas 1,280 buildings/ 9M sq ft 11 nuclear facilities 268 miles of roads

~8,400 career employees/~12,000 workers on site 2,400 R&D scientists 1,100 veterans 400 postdocs 1,880 students

\$2.8B budget 4,700 projects 600 B&R codes

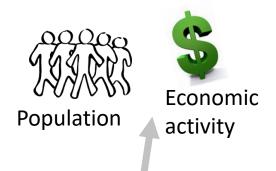
11 Directorates 60 Divisions

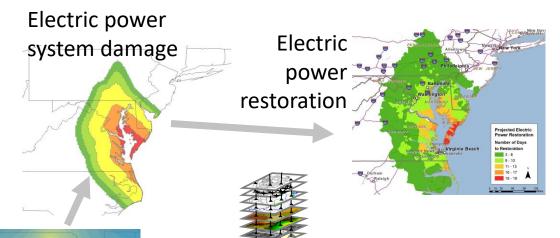
Los Alamos Workforce: 12,752



NISAC models

- SophisticationScale/resolution
- Computational times Data needs





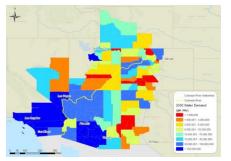
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Ice storm forecast

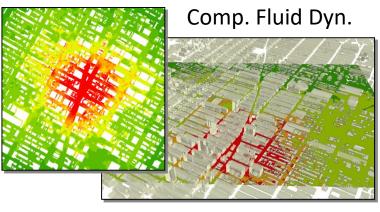
Interdependent infrastructures
Hurricane

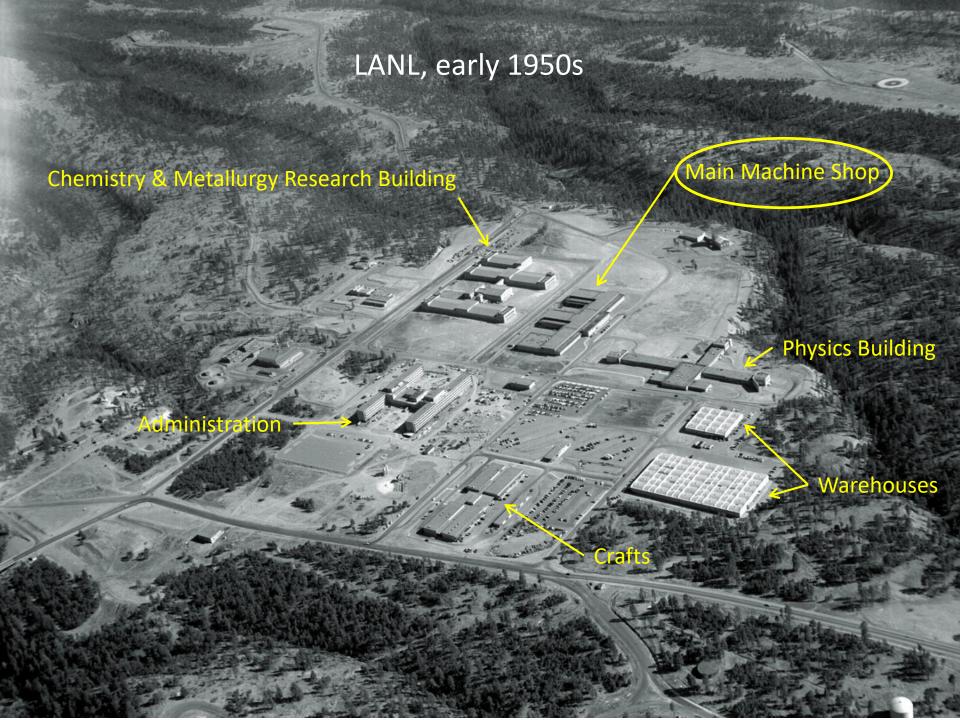
NOAA forecasts

Water Demand

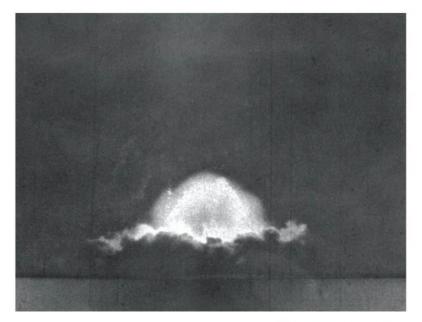


winds











The test director,
Kenneth Bainbridge,
called the explosion a
"foul and awesome
display" and remarked
to Oppenheimer, "Now
we are all sons of
bitches."



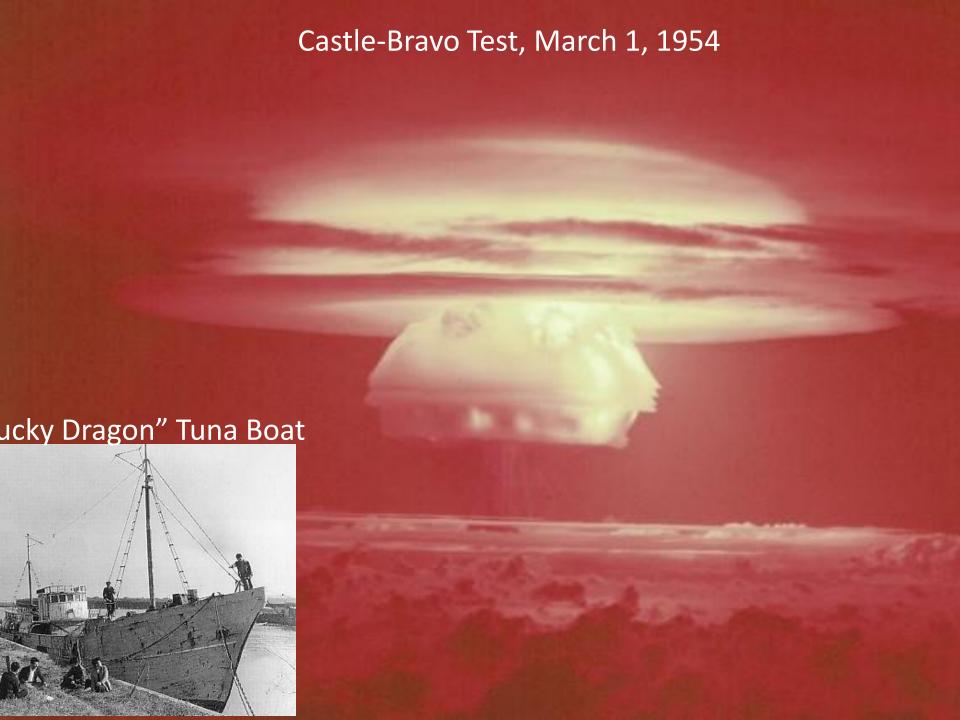
Trinity Device Blast, July 16, 1945

Oppenheimer recalled the line from the Bhagavad-Gita: "Now I am become Death, the destroyer of worlds."













Soldiers participating in Operation Tumbler-Snapper, May 1952



Test Site (NTS): a 280-mm cannon fired the first and last nuclear projectile as part of the Grable test.

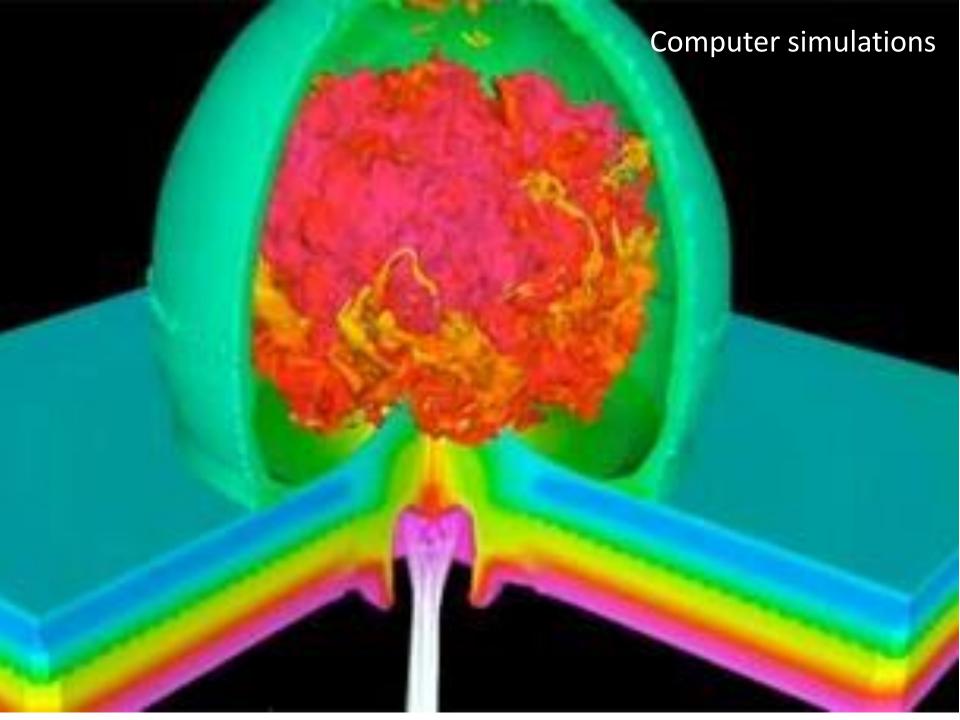


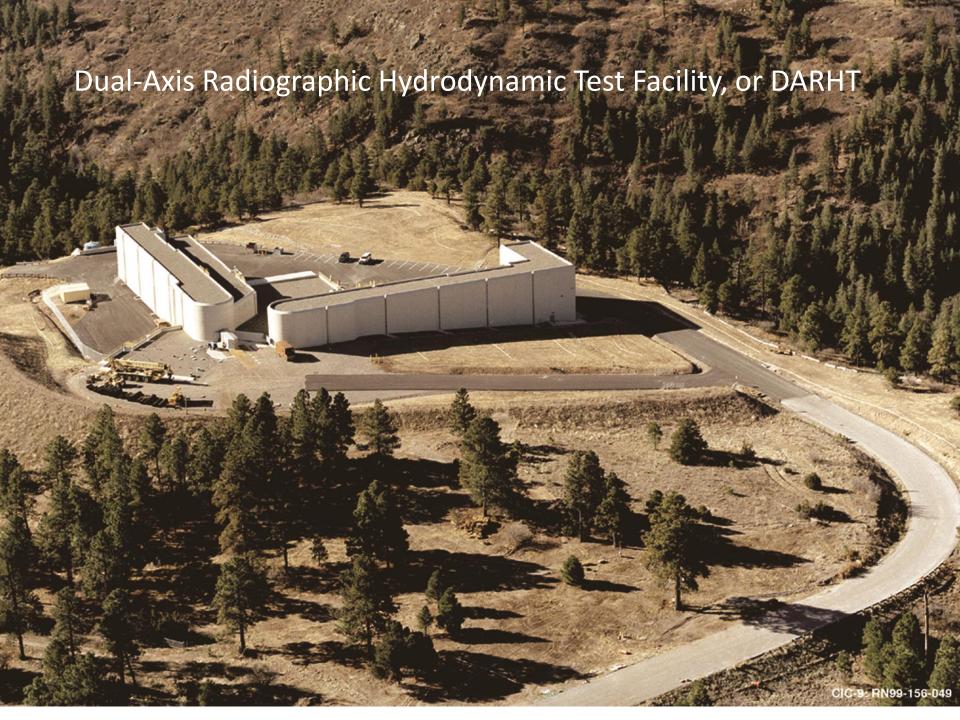






Last nuclear weapon test in USA: "Divider," September 23, 1992









Business Case Analysis of Prototype Fabrication Division Recapitalization Plan

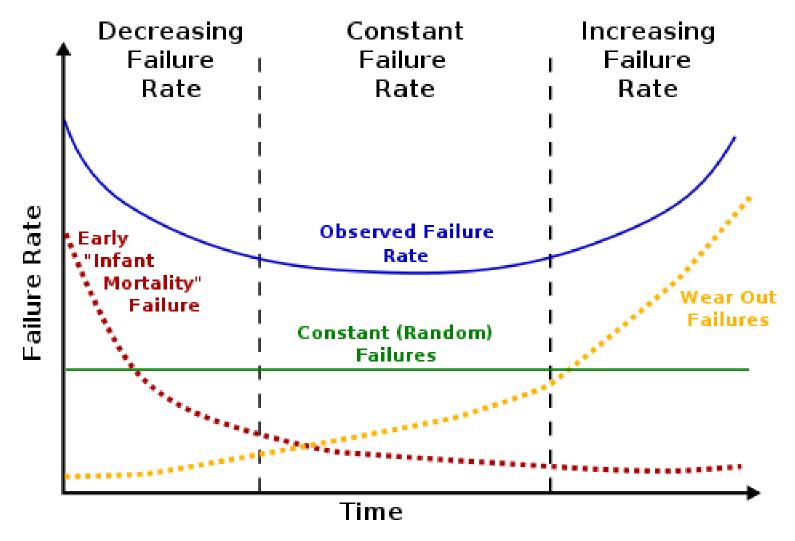


Steven R. Booth Faith A. Benson Timothy G. Dinehart

May 2015





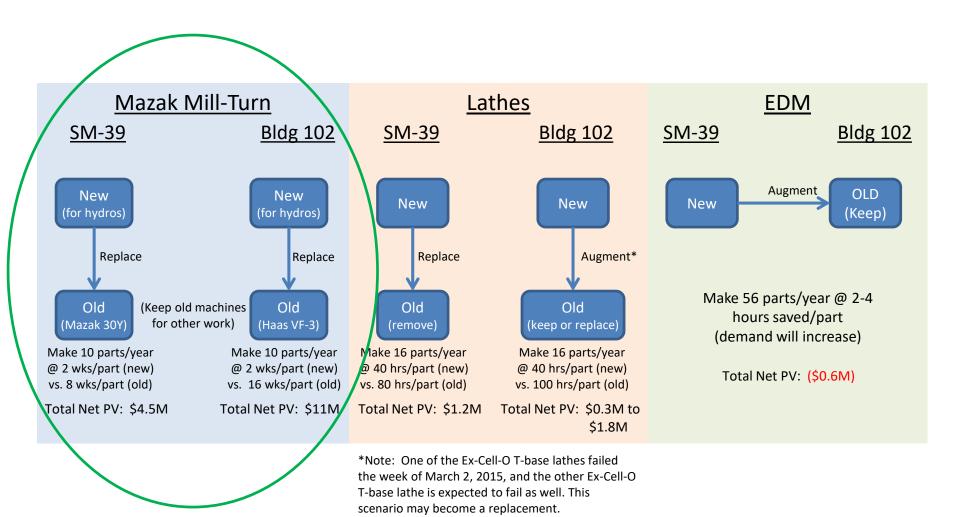


Bathtub curve showing relatively high equipment failure during early and late ages.

Source: Wikipedia, http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/7/78/Bathtub curve.svg/500px-Bathtub curve.svg.png

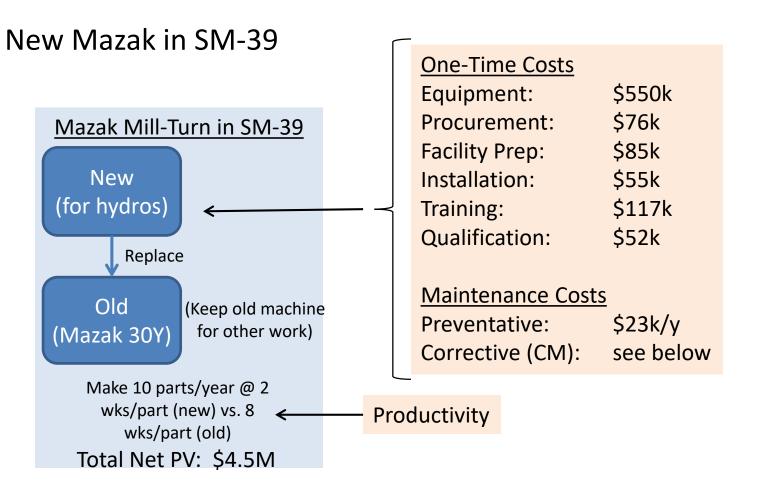


In terms of the maintenance life cycle, the new equipment scenario is at the beginning of operations and the baseline scenario is at the disposition/recapitalization decision stage.

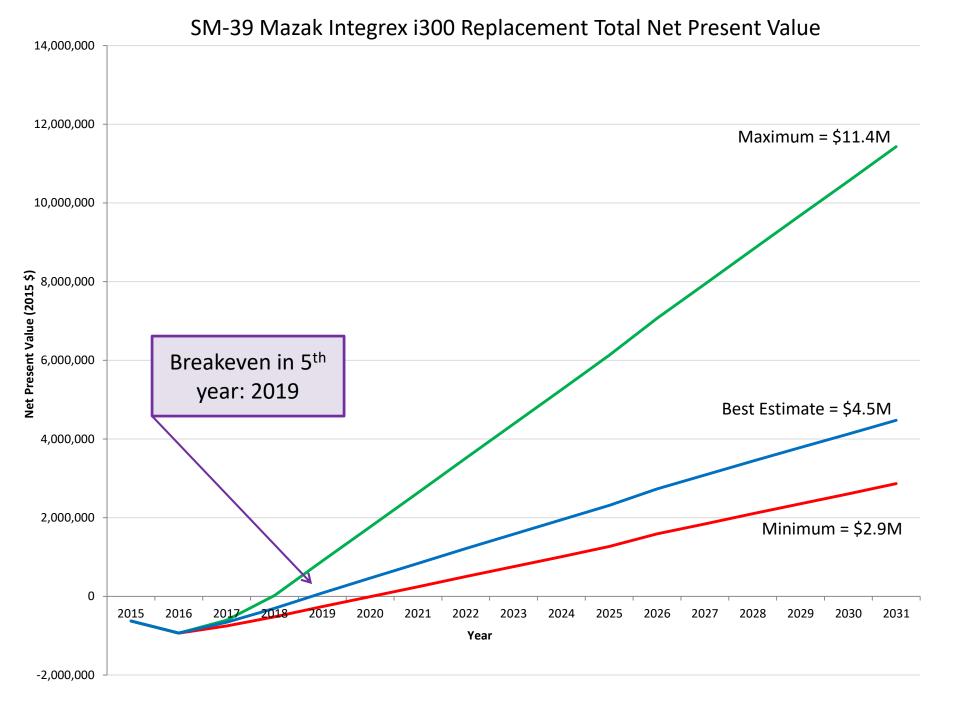


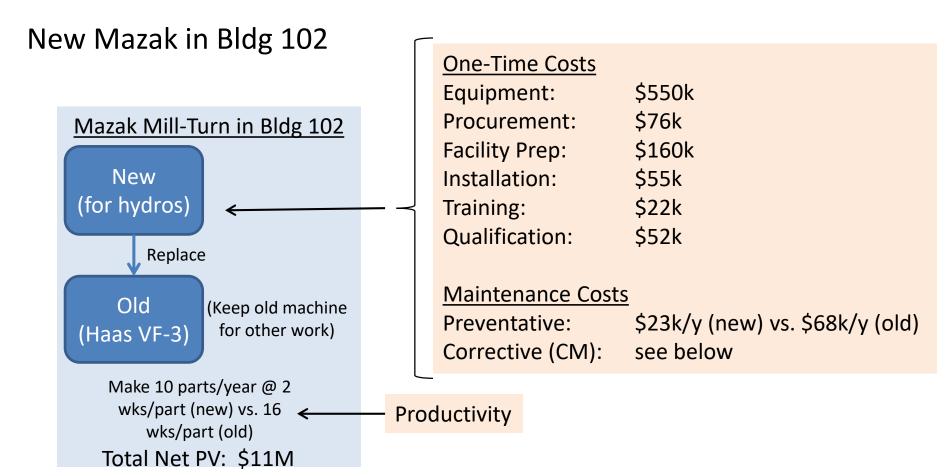
MAZAK Integrex 30-Y in SM-39



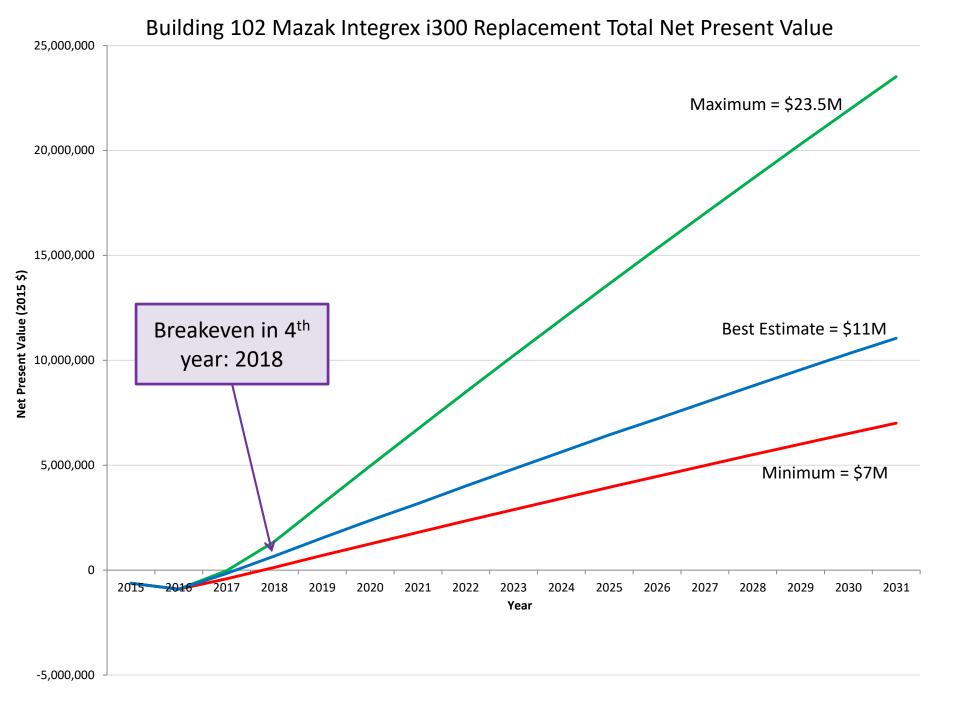


CM, Old Mazak	Cost		CM, New Mazak	Cost
Every year:	\$34k		None	0
Every 3 years:	\$43k		None	0
Every 5 years:	\$77k	\longrightarrow	Every 5 years:	\$43k
Every 10 years:	\$146k		None	0
Every 15 years:	\$85k		None	0



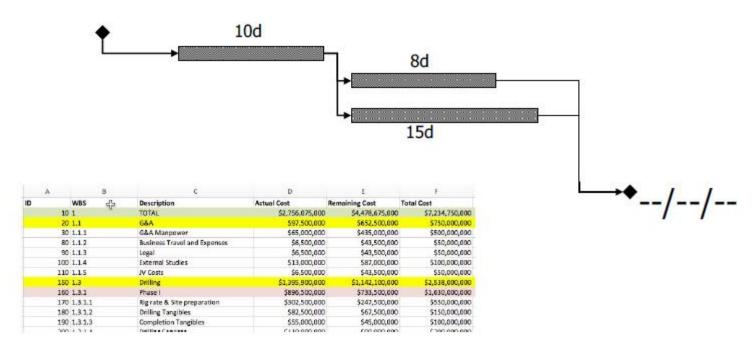


CM, Old Haas	Cost		CM, New Mazak	Cost
Every year:	\$77k		None	0
Every 3 and 5 years:	\$85k	\longrightarrow	None	0
Every 15 years:	\$94k		Every 5 years:	\$43k
			None	0
			None	0



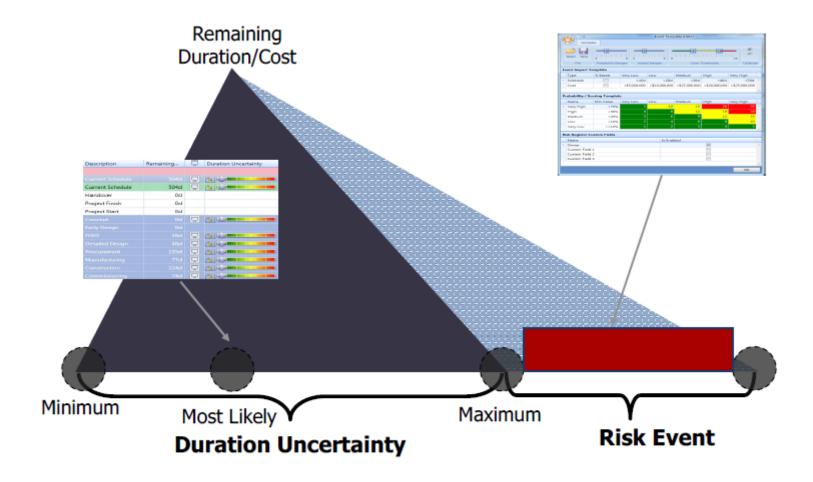
Project Risk Management and Analysis





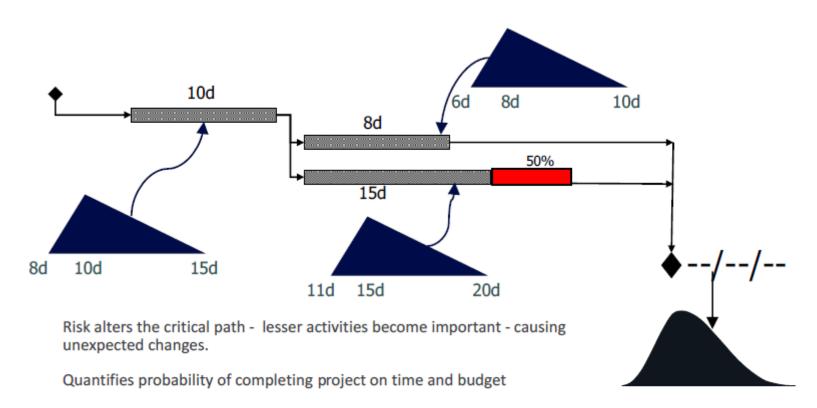
- Predicts single completion date and cost and specifies a critical path that is single and fixed.
- ✓ Uses single values for activity durations and costs
- Does not take uncertainty or discrete risk events into account

Activities can have both uncertainty and risk events



Duration/Cost Uncertainty + Risk Events = Total Risk Exposure

Schedule risk analysis models the uncertainty and risk quantitatively



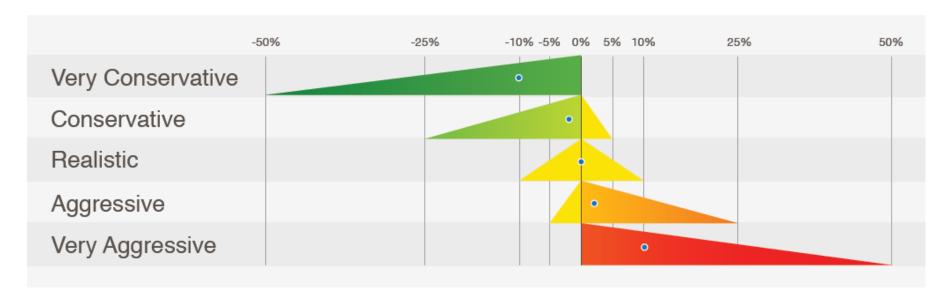
Takes both uncertainty and risk events into account

Numerical Analysis Methodology

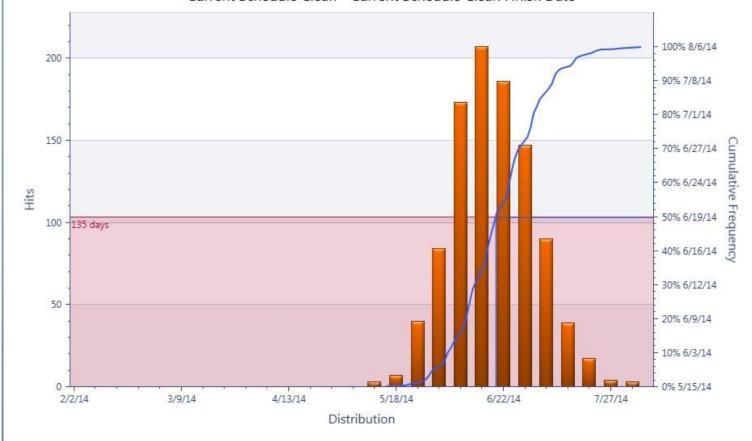
- Monte Carlo or Latin Hypercube
- · All methods subject to schedule logic, constraints, input types

Example Schedule Risk Analysis
Step 1: Uncertainty Only

Α		В	c	D	E	F
ID	WBS	솬	Description	Actual Cost	Remaining Cost	Total Cost
	10 1		TOTAL	\$2,756,075,000	\$4,478,675,000	\$7,234,750,000
	20 1.1		G&A	\$97,500,000	\$652,500,000	\$750,000,000
	30 1.1.1		G&A Manpower	\$65,000,000	\$435,000,000	\$500,000,000
	80 1.1.2		Business Travel and Expenses	\$6,500,000	\$43,500,000	\$50,000,000
	90 1.1.3		Legal	\$6,500,000	\$43,500,000	\$50,000,000
1	1.1.4		External Studies	\$13,000,000	\$87,000,000	\$100,000,000
1	10 1.1.5		JV Costs	\$6,500,000	\$43,500,000	\$50,000,000
1	150 1.3		Drilling	\$1,395,900,000	\$1,142,100,000	\$2,538,000,000
1	60 1.3.1		Phase I	\$896,500,000	\$733,500,000	\$1,630,000,000
1	70 1.3.1.1		Rig rate & Site preparation	\$302,500,000	\$247,500,000	\$550,000,000
1	80 1.3.1.2		Drilling Tangibles	\$82,500,000	\$67,500,000	\$150,000,000
1	90 1.3.1.3		Completion Tangibles	\$55,000,000	\$45,000,000	\$100,000,000
-	000 1 2 1 4		Drilling Consists	\$110,000,000	¢00,000,000	\$200,000,000



Current Schedule Clean Uncertainty Only (No Risk Events) Current Schedule Clean - Current Schedule Clean Finish Date



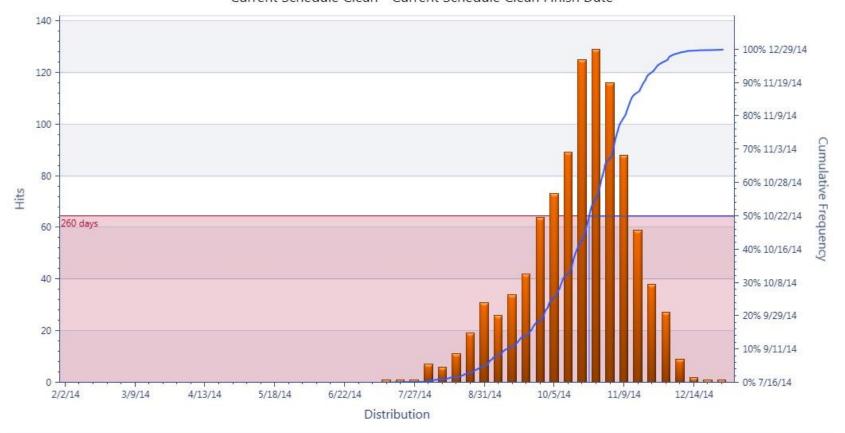
Metric	Value
Deterministic - 0 %	2/4/14
Mean (P53)	6/21/14
PO - Best Case	5/15/14
P50	6/19/14
P50 Contingency	135 days
P100 - Worst Case	8/6/14
Range	83 days
Risk Range Factor	12 %

Step 2: Define Risks and Estimate Probabilities and Impacts

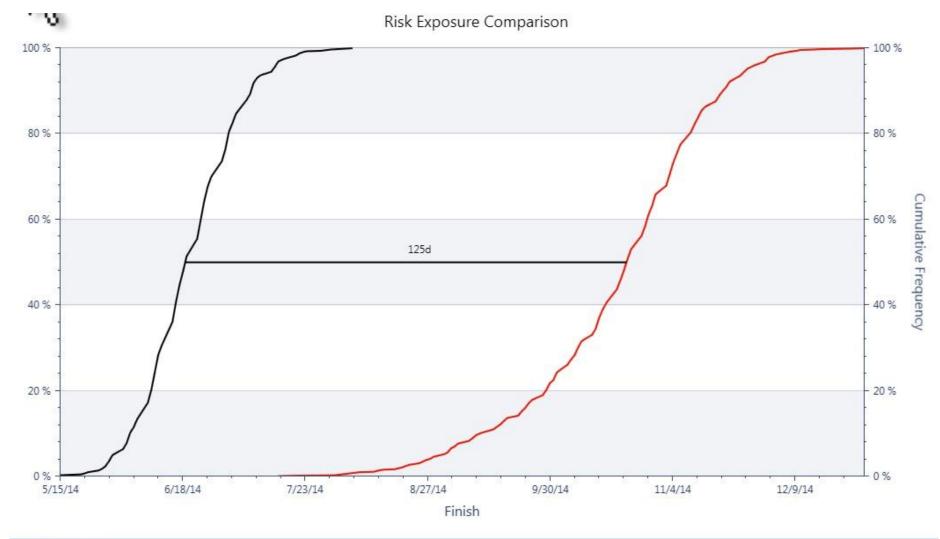
	Name	Min Value	Very Low	Low	Medium	High	Very High
•	Very High	>75 %	5	10	15	20	2:
	High	>50 %	4	8	12	16	20
	Medium	>25 %	3	6	9	12	15
	Low	>10 %	2	4	δ	8	10
	Very Low	<=10 %	1	2	3	4	1

Risk					Current				
Enabled	Absolu	ID	Туре	Name	Probability	Schedule	Cost	Score	
			-						
V		R1	-	Risk of delay post transportation	Very High	Very High	Very High	2	
1		R2	-	Risk of customs delays	High	High	High	10	
1		R3	-	Risk of insufficient in country skille	Very High	Low	Very High	2	
V		R4	-	Risk of insufficient SURF contracto	Low	High	Very High	10	
V		R5	-	Risk of pirates during FPSO sail fro	High	High	Medium	16	
V		R6	-	Risk of poor quality materials bein	Medium	Medium	Low	3	
V		R8	-	Risk of damage to key equipment	Low	Low	Medium	1	
V		R9	-	Risk of delay due to fab yard cons	Very High	Very High	High	2	
V		R10	-	Risk of delay due to heavy lift vess	Low	Very High	Very High	1	
1		R11	-	Risk of lack of labor availability of	Medium	Medium	High	1.	
√		R34	-	Risk of actual required resources e	Very High	High	Medium	20	
1		R35	-	Risk of major mechanical equipme	Medium	High	Low	1.	
V		R36	-	Riks of theft of materials (especiall	High	Very High	High	20	
√		R37	-	Risk of major dredging equipment	Very High	Very High	High	2	
V		R38	-	Risk of change in law impacting c	High	Very High	Very High	20	
1		R40	-	Risk of review of safety report res	Low	Medium	Medium		
V		R41	-	Risk of delay in approvals of visas	High	Low	Very High	20	
1		R42	-	Risk of inability to hire craft to mai	Very High	High	Very High	2	
V		R44	-	Risk of Governmental agency dire	Very High	Medium	Low	1	
1		R45	-	Risk of delays in releasing equipm	Low	Very High	High	10	
V		R7		Hurricane Window	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible		
V		R12	100	Winter Weather Interruption	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible		

Current Schedule Clean Uncertainty and Risk Events (No Mitigation) Current Schedule Clean - Current Schedule Clean Finish Date



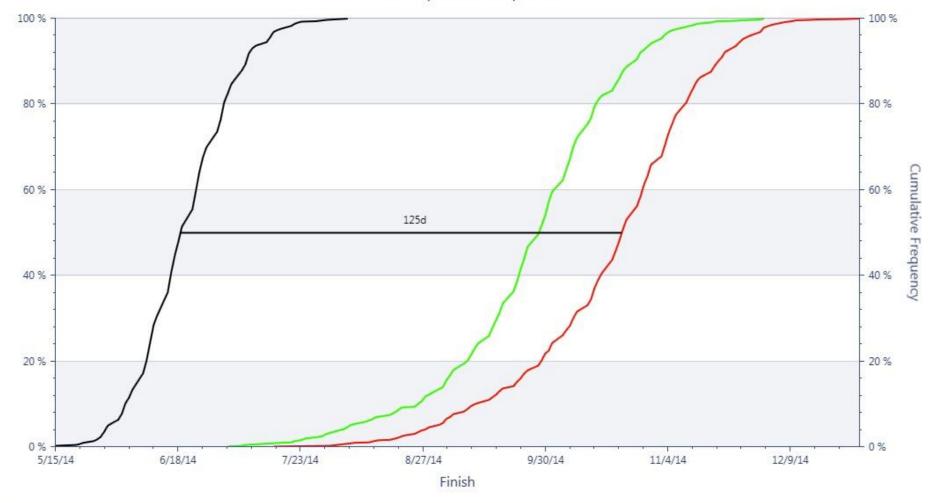
Metric	Value
Deterministic - 0 %	2/4/14
Mean (P44)	10/20/14
PO - Best Case	7/16/14
P50	10/22/14
P50 Contingency	260 days
P100 - Worst Case	12/29/14
Range	166 days
Risk Range Factor	24 %



Curves	Variances		
Visible	Color	Name	Deterministic Value R
V	Black	Current Schedule Clean Uncertainty Only	2/4/14
V	Red	Current Schedule Clean Uncertainty + Risk Events	2/4/14

Risk Exposure Comparison

100



Curves	Variances		
Visible	Color	Name	Deterministic Value R
J	Black	Current Schedule Clean Uncertainty Only	2/4/14
V	Red	Current Schedule Clean Uncertainty + Risk Events	2/4/14
J	#FF00FF00	Current Schedule Clean Uncertainty + Risk Events + Recommended Mitigation	2/4/14

